

Note on TPQ state

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In this note, we show how to construct the spin grand canonical thermal pure quantum (TPQ) state from the superposition of the S_z conserved TPQ states.

1. Relation between S_z conserved TPQ states and spin grand canonical TPQ state

Let $|\Phi_0\rangle$ be the random vector in the total Hilbert space and $|\phi_0^{S_z}\rangle$ be the random vector in fixed S_z Hilbert space. The relation between them is given as follows.

$$|\Phi_0\rangle = \sum_{S_z} |\phi_0^{S_z}\rangle = \sum_{S_z} \sum_x C_x^{S_z} |x^{S_z}\rangle, \quad (1)$$

where $|x^{S_z}\rangle$ is real-space configuration with S_z and $C_x^{S_z}$ is coefficient.

Norms of them are given as follows.

$$(d_0^{S_z})^2 = \langle \phi_0^{S_z} | \phi_0^{S_z} \rangle = \sum_x |C_x^{S_z}|^2 \quad (2)$$

$$(D_0)^2 = \langle \Phi_0 | \Phi_0 \rangle = \sum_{S_z, x} |C_x^{S_z}|^2 = \sum_{S_z} (d_0^{S_z})^2 \quad (3)$$

By using these norms, normalized vectors are given as follows.

$$|\bar{\phi}_0^{S_z}\rangle = \frac{1}{d_0^{S_z}} |\phi_0^{S_z}\rangle \quad (4)$$

$$|\bar{\Phi}_0\rangle = \frac{1}{D_0} |\Phi_0\rangle = \sum_{S_z} \frac{d_0^{S_z}}{D_0} |\bar{\phi}_0^{S_z}\rangle \quad (5)$$

From these random vectors, we construct TPQ state by successively multiplying $(l - \hat{h})$.

$$|\phi_1^{S_z}\rangle = (l - \hat{h}) |\bar{\phi}_0^{S_z}\rangle, \quad (6)$$

$$|\Phi_1\rangle = (l - \hat{h}) |\bar{\Phi}_0\rangle = \sum_{S_z} \frac{d_0^{S_z}}{D_0} (l - \hat{h}) |\bar{\phi}_0^{S_z}\rangle = \sum_{S_z} \frac{d_0^{S_z}}{D_0} |\phi_1^{S_z}\rangle \quad (7)$$

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Normalization of TPQ states are give as follows.

$$(d_1^{S_z})^2 = \langle \phi_1 | \phi_1 \rangle, \quad (D_1)^2 = \langle \Phi_1 | \Phi_1 \rangle = \sum_{S_z} \left(\frac{d_0^{S_z}}{D_0} \right)^2 (d_1^{S_z})^2, \quad (8)$$

$$|\bar{\phi}_1^{S_z}\rangle = \frac{1}{d_1^{S_z}} |\phi_1\rangle, \quad |\bar{\Phi}_1\rangle = \frac{1}{D_1} |\Phi_1\rangle = \sum_{S_z} \frac{d_0^{S_z}}{D_0} \frac{d_1^{S_z}}{D_1} |\bar{\phi}_1^{S_z}\rangle \quad (9)$$

In general, n th TPQ state are give as follow.

$$|\bar{\Phi}_n\rangle = \sum_{S_z} \left(\prod_{k=0}^n \pi_k \right) |\bar{\phi}_n^{S_z}\rangle, \quad \pi_k = \frac{d_k^{S_z}}{D_k}, \quad (10)$$

$$(D_n)^2 = \sum_{S_z} \left(\prod_{k=0}^{n-1} \pi_k \right) \times (d_n^{S_z})^2. \quad (11)$$